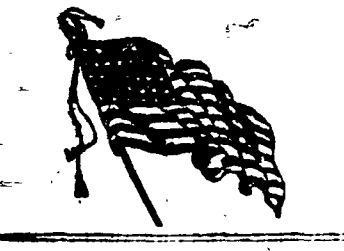






# The Compiler.

OUR FLAG!



W. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 3, 1864.

## McClellan Meetings.

### UPRISINGS OF THE PEOPLE!

Don't forget the McClellan and Pendleton Mass Meeting at NEW OXFORD THIS EVENING. A monster gathering may be expected. Extra trains will run from Gettysburg and Hanover. Fare from Gettysburg and return 40 cents.

The Democrats of the Upper End will rally in mass at ARENDTSTOWN TOMORROW EVENING, and at CORWELLS ON THE EVENING BEFORE THE ELECTION. These meetings will doubtless both be large.

The Cumberland and Highland McClellan Club had a spirited meet at Breasau on Monday evening. W. A. Duncan, Esq., made a telling speech, and was followed by Messrs. Jacob Loh and Isaac Herter, also in a very satisfactory manner. The Club will hold a meeting at SLONAKER'S TAYLOR, on the Chambersburg turnpike, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, and at WILLOW GROVE SCHOOL-HOUSE, on the Taneytown road, on FRIDAY EVENING next. There will be speaking at both meetings, and the friends of a CHANGE in the administration are invited to be present. Mountjoy is expected to be largely represented at the Willow Grove meeting, in addition to Cumberland.

The Franklin township McClellan Club also met on Monday evening, at Hilltown School-house. Wm. McClean, Esq., C. M. Duncan, Esq., and H. J. Stable, made speeches, when the Club adjourned with rousing cheers for "Little Mac." It will meet again at Arendtstown to-morrow evening.

The Menallen McClellan Club completed its organization at Hilltown School-house on Tuesday evening. The permanent officers are:

President, Wm. Overdeer.  
Vice Presidents, Lewis Hanes, George Schlosser.  
Recording Secretary, Franklin Orr.  
Corresponding Secretary, C. M. Swope.  
Treasurer, David Hartman.

The attendance was large, and all enthusiastic. Among the names on the Club roll are those of quite a number who voted for Lincoln before, but will now vote for "Little Mac." Dr. J. A. Swope and H. J. Stable made speeches, when the Club adjourned to meet at WANK'S SCHOOL-HOUSE on THURSDAY EVENING next, when several speeches may be expected.

The Butler township McClellan Club met at Centre Mills School-house on Thursday evening, with a full attendance. Wm. McClean, Esq., made an able speech, and H. J. Stable concluded, when the Club adjourned with hearty cheers for the Democratic nominees.

A glorious outpouring of the Democracy of the Lower End took place at Abbotstown on Friday evening. There were probably five hundred persons (voters) present. Old Reading turned out a handsome delegation, with martial music, flags, wreaths, &c. Hamilton was there too in strong force, with a delegation from Berlin, whilst the two Berwicks turned out in their strength, and Mountpleasant and Oxford assisted in making up the large crowd. There were three or four distinct bands of martial music. The enthusiasm was of course, unbounded. Every mention of the names of our gallant standard-bearers elicited hearty hurrahs. The meeting was organized in front of Wilton's Hotel by the appointment of the following officers:

President, Col. Joseph W. Kuhn.  
Vice Presidents, Cyrus Wolf, Adam Sowers, Edward Emlet, Frederick Wolf, Samuel Hair, Jesse Bucher, Samuel Brown, Samuel Miller, Jacob McClean, Reuben Wolf, Peter Hoffmann, Daniel Boblitz, Jacob Miller, Emanuel Neidich, A. W. Storm, Michael Bohn.

Secretaries, George Flickinger, Joseph Wolf, John Dillone, Robert M. Dicks, Henry J. Henler.  
A number of Democratic ladies then sang a stirring McClellan song in a very beautiful and effective manner. They were loudly cheered, and cheered again. H. J. Stable, Dr. J. A. Swope, Dr. J. A. Swope, Capt. Wm. Munford, and John Dillone, Esq., addressed the meeting, being frequently interrupted by applause—after which a procession was formed and paraded the principal street. It was one of the largest and most enthusiastic demonstrations of the campaign.

The Democrats of Straban organized a McClellan Club at Hunterstown on Friday evening. A constitution was adopted and a goodly number of names signed to it. The following are the permanent officers:

President, J. F. Feltz, Esq.  
Vice President, S. A. Gilliland.  
Recording Secretary, John G. Brinkerhoff.  
Corresponding Secretary, H. A. Picking, Esq.

Treasurer, John Wertz.  
E. B. Buehler, Esq., then addressed the meeting in a very happy manner, and was followed, briefly but effectively, by R. Fitzgerald, President of the Butler Club, which went down a handsome delegation. The Straban Club will meet again at Grass's Hotel in Hunterstown, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Let every Democrat in the region round about be present. Tyrone should be there in goodly numbers. Two or three speeches may be expected.

A splendid McClellan demonstration came off at Littlestown on Saturday afternoon. A large Hickory Pole was raised, and several speeches were made. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

A McClellan Club was started at Brush Run School-house, in Mountpleasant, on Saturday evening. Wm. McClean, Esq., and H. J. Stable, made speeches, when the meeting adjourned in fine spirits. A demonstration meeting will be held at MOUNT ROCK on SATURDAY EVENING next. A large turn out, and several speeches, may be looked for.

Postmaster General Blair has been turned out by President Lincoln, and ex-Gov. Dennison, of Ohio, appointed in his place. Thus old Abe has been forced into another concession to the radical abolitionists. Blair is not savage enough on the negro question for them.

Blank profiles for soldiers' votes can be had at this office.

## THE PATRIOTISM OF AN ABOLITION OFFICE-HUNTER!

Shameful "BACK OUT" of GENERAL Wm. H. KOONTZ.—This community is afflicted, as are many others, with a class of men who are very patriotic in their speeches on the stump and in the articles they write for newspapers, but never go to war. Their controlling motive is office—which they either have or hope to get. They spare no effort to try to CHEAT the people into the belief that their party is the only one that is for the country, (notwithstanding the plain non-appearance), and all others against it—that they only are the friends of the soldiers, and all others their enemies—that, in short, there is no good that does not come from them. The depths to which they go in falsehood can now hardly be fathomed, and as the election approaches nearer and their prospects grow more desperate, they will, if possible, be more outrageously still.

And all this because they want to hold or OFFICE. That is the subject of their daily thoughts and nightly dreams, and no resort is too base, no trick too low, for them to put in practice if they think it will aid them in their cherished purpose.

The lying that is now done to injure Gen. Coffroth, the Democratic candidate for Congress, has this same object. It is to get office for a stay-at-home war-shouting patriot, such as they are. And to prove that Koontz and they are alike, we need but publish the following FACTS, as stated by the McConnellsbury Democrat:

When he was broke out Brigadier General Wm. H. Koontz, the present Abolition candidate for Congress in this district, was Captain of a militia company, in the Borough of Somerset, known as the "Somerset Artillery." The General has ever been a "fighting man," while out on a political canvass, and made a number of speeches in Somerset in the month of May, 1861, in the Borough of Somerset, known as the "Somerset Artillery." The General has ever been a "fighting man," while out on a political canvass, and made a number of speeches in Somerset in the month of May, 1861, in the Borough of Somerset, known as the "Somerset Artillery."

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## McClellan Gaining Every Day.

MORE PROMINENT REPUBLICANS ENTER THE FIELD FOR HIM!

We published last week a brilliant list of prominent gentlemen heretofore opposed to the Democratic party, who now enter the field for "Little Mac." Ex-President Fillmore, Gov. Bramlette, Senator Reverdy Johnson, Senator Cowan, Senator Browning, Robert C. Winthrop, Leslie Combs, Geo. H. Billiard, George D. Prentice, Wm. B. Ogden, and others of much note, were included in the list. To-day we have the pleasure of adding the following honored names:

JAMES T. BRADY, Esq., the distinguished New York lawyer, who has zealously supported Mr. Lincoln, is stamping New York for McClellan. He spoke at the McClellan Constitutional meeting at New York on the 17th with great force.

Hon. D. M. WOODSON, of Iowa, many years Judge of the 1st Judicial Circuit in that State, openly declares his endorsement of McClellan and the platform. He has heretofore always opposed the Democracy. In Morgan, Scott and Greene counties he is a "tower of strength."

Hon. E. C. SEAMAN, Republican Senator of Michigan, has commenced a most vigorous campaign for Little Mac. JOSEPH B. MORRIS, seven years editor of the Boston Traveller, and for many years editor of the Newburyport Herald, in opposition to the Democracy, is now in the ranks of the gallant McClellan.

Mr. OSBORNE, President of the Illinois Central Railroad, a prominent Republican, is also in the McClellan ranks doing good service.

FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, of Ohio, who was the Republican candidate for Supreme Judge in 1862, is out for McClellan.

Hon. BRUTUS J. CLAY, of the old Kentucky Whig stock, has taken the stump for Little Mac.

NELSON FRANKLIN, a former Republican Senator of Ohio, is out for McClellan. Gen. ROSECRANS is said to have made a speech at a McClellan and Pendleton ratification meeting in St. Louis on the 8th inst., in the course of which he took occasion to say that he had been raised a Democrat and was a Democrat now, and he determined that there should be free election in Missouri. He was heartily cheered.

Col. A. W. BREWSTER, of Mass., has joined the ranks with his old commander—Little Mac.

Colonel GEORGE W. MCCOOK, of the fighting McCook family, is stamping for Little Mac.

Gen. A. MCD. MCCOOK, of the same stock, is with his brother in the good cause of the Union and Little Mac.

Mr. Maj. Gen. BURNSIDE is not for McClellan, the following is what he said of him in a public meeting in New York:

"I have known Gen. McClellan most intimately, as students together, as soldiers in the field, as private citizens. For years we have lived in the same family, and I know him as well as I know any human being on the face of the earth, and I know that no more honest, conscientious man exists than Gen. McClellan. I know that no feeling of ambition, beyond that of the good and the success of our cause, ever entered his breast. All that he does is with a single eye, a single view to the success of the Government, and the breaking down of the rebellion. I know that nothing under the sun will ever induce that man to sever from what he knows to be his duty. He is an honest Christian-like and conscientious man; and let me add one thing, that he has the soundest head, and the clearest military perception of any man in the United States."

Among the long list of influential newspapers which have come over to the support of the Democratic candidates, are:

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER, Washington, D. C. the old and dignified organ of the Whig party, which, since the breaking up of that party, has been independent, has joined its vigorous and valuable labors with the Democracy in the cause of Little Mac and Pendleton.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL runs up the names of McClellan and Pendleton and has opened fire against the Washington Unionists.

THE SUMMERSET HERALD, Maryland, Republican, runs up Mac and Pen, and repudiates Lincoln and Johnson.

THE NEW LONDON CHRONICLE, Connecticut, takes down Lincoln and puts up Mac and Pen.

THE WESTCHESTER MONITOR, New York, denounces shoddyism and comes out in support of McClellan and Pendleton.

THE ANN ARBOR JOURNAL, of Michigan, Republican, runs up the names of McClellan and Pendleton, and joins in the fight for the Union.

THE CINCINNATI VOLKSFREUND, German Republican, runs up the Democratic ticket and enters upon its support "with all its energy and conviction."

THE ST. LOUIS ANZIEGER, German Republican, abandons Lincoln and advocates McClellan, saying that "thousands of Republicans will desert the incapable, corrupt and perjured Lincoln administration, and gather under the banner of McClellan, to save the Republic."

THE WOOD COUNTY INDEPENDENT, Ohio, repudiates Lincoln, whom it has heretofore supported, and comes out vigorously for McClellan.

THE SUFFOLK HERALD, one of the most influential Republican papers on Long Island, N. Y., takes the Baltimore candidate from its columns and supports McClellan.

THE HIGHLAND BOTE, following in the steps of the Cincinnati Volksfreund, has taken down the names of Fremont and Cochrane, and substituted those of McClellan and Pendleton.

THE IOWA BANNER, German Republican, declares for McClellan and Pendleton. The foregoing list of eminent men who have abandoned the cause of Shoddy and disunion could be largely extended, as could also the list of newspapers which have patriotically recanted from the support of the Shoddy candidates and come over into the ranks of the hero of Antietam.

For one instance the foregoing will be found sufficiently unpalatable, no doubt, to the Shoddy office holders and contractors, and will help them to contemplate the doom they already more than suspect at the November election.

The October election will take place TOMORROW WEEK. Democrats, see that you poll EVERY VOTE. Never before was ONE VOTE so important as now. Do not leave one behind.

Democracy, VOTE EARLY!

## HOW THE SOLDIERS WILL VOTE.

All our accounts from the army agree in predicting a heavy majority for General McClellan in the soldier vote, especially that cast in the Army of the Potomac. Of course, this is upon the supposition that a fairness and vote will be allowed. In addition to the letters on this subject from soldiers, the following from the Patterson Register furnishes confirmatory evidence of the feeling in the army for "Little Mac":

We have gratifying intelligence from the Army of the Potomac, indicating that General McClellan still possesses the confidence, love and respect of the veterans of that gallant army. A returned volunteer of the Fifty-seventh New York regiment, who has just arrived from the front, informs us that a vote for President was taken in the Second (Hancock's) army corps recently, with the following result:

For McClellan	10,555.
For Lincoln	3,554.

McClellan's majority, 7,001.  
At Camp Distribution, where there are several thousand soldiers, a vote was also taken a few days since. It resulted thus:

For McClellan	4,007.
For Lincoln	1,300.

Mac's majority, 2,657.  
Here is a total army vote of 10,468—of which General McClellan has 14,111, or a majority of 9,658—nearly double the total vote that Lincoln received!

This information is reliable. We have it from a soldier who belonged to Hancock's corps, and who is a Republican. It proves what has all along been said, that the soldiers are almost to a man for McClellan and the Union, and will so vote in November.

In the cars between Hartford and New Haven, one day last week, a Shoddy contractor was loud in talking up Lincoln. "It's all one way," he will carry everything—the soldiers will all vote for him." A soldier was present. Another passenger inquired of him how the soldiers would vote. "All one way," said the soldier. "I knew it was so," said the contractor. "They are all for Lincoln." "Who do they go for?" coolly inquired the passenger. "Little Mac, of course," said the soldier.

Hooker's old Twentieth corps of the Army of the Potomac, now in Georgia under Sherman, is nearly unanimous for McClellan. The men were with him at Antietam and other glorious fights, and love him as children love a parent.

A Very Large Straw.—The 16th New York Heavy Artillery, the largest regiment in the service, numbering three thousand men, commanded by Col. Morrison, are unanimous for McClellan and Pendleton.

A letter from a soldier in the 24th corps, now before Petersburg, among matters of a general nature, says: "The army will vote for McClellan. We want a man who will wind up the war properly. I, for one, have been played upon too long."

The sentiment in the Army.—The following is an extract from a letter received by a gentleman of this city from an officer in high position in the regular army, now serving with Gen. Sherman:

"ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 16.—I heard several days ago, of the nomination of Gen. McClellan for the Presidency, and to-day I read his letter of acceptance. His letter has brought me back again, soul and body, to the Democratic fold. I trust for the good of the country he may be elected. Let me tell you one thing, and mark it, all stuff to the contrary notwithstanding: it is this: This army is not yet converted to the Lincoln rule. McClellan is not without thousands of admirers and friends who will yield him their support."—Chicago Post.

The N. H. Register says: On Saturday afternoon, as the 700 or 800 soldiers were marching from the camp to the steamer, while passing the corner of Wallace and St. John streets, three cheers were called for "Little Mac," and were given with a will. Some of them then called for "three for Lincoln"—but a few groans was the only response.

An officer of the navy, on board of the United States steamer Fuschia, Potomac Flotilla, writes us that a vote for the Presidency was taken on board that vessel with the following results: McClellan 31, Fremont 3, Lincoln 1. This shows that not only the army, but the navy, are enthusiastic for "Little Mac."

The Abolition papers are in the habit of pronouncing their meetings of two dozen people "large." What humbuggery! The truth is, that their meetings are in all types every instance very small, and the cheers for Lincoln, when occasionally proposed, of the slightest kind.

The people are tired of old Abe. They have had enough of him, and want a CHANGE. Hence the Democratic meetings are invariably well attended, generally large beyond all expectation, whilst the enthusiasm everywhere is earnest and outspoken.

The Abolition meeting at Hampton was a bald failure, the pump-bed in front of the hotel, accommodating the audience. The same was the case at Abbotstown, New Salem, Heidelberg, Bonnhouten, and other points. Abolitionism has all up-hill work.

Abolition orators and editors assail Gen. Coffroth because he voted against a bill to abolish slavery. The bill was clearly unconstitutional, and having taken an oath to support the Constitution, he, as an honest and law-abiding man, could not have voted otherwise. Besides, Gen. Coffroth is quite willing to be considered the White Man's candidate.

For Congress we have Hon. A. H. Coffroth, our present able and worthy member. Gen. Coffroth is truly a man of the people. Commencing the world a poor boy, he has struggled manfully against adverse fortune, until he has at length achieved a high position in the Bar, in the councils of the nation, and in the affections of his constituents. He has served the people of the 16th district one term with zeal and fidelity, and his unanimous re-nomination is but a just tribute to a worthy representative. It will not be forgotten that it was through his efforts that the Boards of Enrollment were required to visit the county seats of each county, to hear claims for exemption from the draft, thereby saving many poor men the necessity of travelling a great distance to this place to report. Let them not forget him at the election.—Chamberburg Spirit.

Abolition orators and editors exhibit the impudence of Satan himself when they assert that Gen. Coffroth did not vote for the appropriation bills last winter. He voted for all such bills except the one appropriating \$30,000 for negroes. This is the truth of history, let Abolition leaders lie about it as they will.

## THE OFFICE-HOLDERS versus JAMES H. MARSHALL.

I observe that Harper and McPherson are finding fault with James H. Marshall for taking the pay voted to members at the extra session. Here's impudence! Mr. Harper is getting several thousand dollars a year for his services as an office-holder, and McPherson, from appearances, made a nice pile out of the post he lately held as Commissioner of the Drafting Board. McPherson, I am told, also abuses Mr. Marshall in the same way—and yet McPherson is making his thousands a year out of an office at Washington. This is a nice trick to pick at an honest man like James H. Marshall—an upright and industrious farmer, who last more in one week in 1863 by reason of the armies being on his premises than he would make in the Legislature in ten years.

What a shameful outrage this attack upon Mr. Marshall is. These slanderers know that the Republican Legislature passed the bill, and that every Republican member took the pay voted. Mr. Marshall voted against the bill. They say he did not, ought to know better, and any one who knows the parties would believe him before he would believe them. They say he did not call for the year and says, "The Republican Speaker put the bill through as quickly as not to leave time for a call. They say why did he not donate his pay to some charitable object? If he had, they would say he did it to make votes for his re-election. Either way, they would not have been satisfied. They are only satisfied when they get all the public money they can lay hands on. But they cannot deceive the people, they cannot damage Mr. Marshall, let them pile up as many lies as they can. Mr. Marshall stood manfully by the rights of Adams county sufferers, and he will do so again.

McPherson also abuses James H. Marshall voted against giving the soldiers vote. This is simply a lie. Every vote cast in Hamilton township was for that Amendment, as the official returns show.

HAMILTONIAN.

For the Compiler.

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN."

The Late Republican County Convention.—The writer of this article professes to be an honest and impartial observer of passing events, willing to lend assistance and give encouragement to any enterprise which has for its object the good of the people, whilst he cannot be forced by blind party spirit to say anything in condemnation of matters seemingly obnoxious to his senses.

The Republican convention of this county has made a broad and clean sweep, and pledged the party soul and body to the support of any and every act which the administration has done, and may do in the future. This is a high handed use of authority, and is a violation of the rights of the people to exercise, save a few political tricksters, that assume the right, and who have the party to which they belong by the ears. Any set of men representing, or pretending to represent Republican principles, to frame a set of Resolutions endorsing such a sweeping and unqualified endorsement of the past and future acts of an administration at one sweep, throws an insult into the face of common sense.

Such action betrays a spirit of blind party prejudice, and is a base influence, and is directly tending to the ruin of the government suited to overbearing tyrants located at easy distances, and such we presume have had hands in dressing up the above Resolutions. The authors of them, however, are the last of all Republicans in Adams county are not prepared to endorse Mr. Lincoln's suicidal policy. Not all prepared to see him transcend the bounds prescribed to him by an instrument so binding and sacred as the one he was sworn to support. We are not all ready to acquiesce in his abominable emancipation proclamations, which fired up the southern rebel armies, thereby opening up new avenues to bloody carnage. Gen. Sherman is ready to try again. We are not all ready to see the country be done, what thou doest is right, and in thee there can be no wrong. Not all of us, my friends, are ready to see the Constitution disregarded and trampled upon by Mr. Lincoln. Some of us believe that there is a nigger in the wood pile, that some are weak supplicants to power, big game hunters, and all too ready to frame Resolutions like the above mentioned. Many of us begin to see that the war is not for the purpose of suppressing rebellion, so much as the freeing of negroes; not so much for the restoration of the Union, as to overthrow it. We are not all ready to see the establishment of peace, as its prolongation, that slaves may get more time and better opportunities to run off and murder their masters. All the Republicans, sir, are not ready to endorse the above Resolutions, and the declaring of martial law in localities where the civil law is in full force and adequate for probable emergencies. We are not prepared to sanction the suppression of the press, of free speech, the distribution of armed men in different points in loyal States where no earthly use exists for their presence. We are no bell ringers, sir. Our eyes are now opened and the light shews us where we were, what we were doing, and what you will do in the future if father Abraham is once more elected. Why Abraham might declare himself absolute Dictator, still all would be right.

Your Resolutions may do for you, but they will not answer for me, and especially your humble servant, CHANCE.

THIS IS THE ISSUE: The Democrats contend for a RESTORATION OF THE UNION, the Republicans for the EMANCIPATION OF THE NEGROES. It is for the people to decide by their ballots on the 8th of November which they prefer—UNION AND THE SALVATION OF THE COUNTRY, OR PERPETUAL WAR IN A VAIN EFFORT TO EMANCIPATE SOUTHERN NEGROES.

VERY BIG STRAWS!

The four great moneyed men of New York, Wm. B. ASTOR, JOHN JACOB ASTOR, GEORGE LAW, and Wm. H. ASPENWALL, are for McClellan.

Reverly Johnson says, Mr. McClellan will be elected, in spite of all Lincoln's office-holders may say or do.

Let the SOLDIERS remember that in the Legislature, last winter, the Democrats voted for giving the soldiers one dollar a day, and the Republicans against it. Mr. Marshall voted for it, of course.

It is now officially decided that those who paid \$300 commutation are exempt from the present draft. Why was not this decision made long ago? Why this eternal trifling with the people?

Remember, voters of Adams county, that it was an Abolition Legislature that refused to compensate the plundered citizens of your county for losses sustained by them by reason of rebel raids. The Democrats in that body all voted for the bill, but it was defeated by the Shoddy men, every one of whom voted against it.

Democrats, beware of COUNTERFEIT TICKETS and ELEVENTH-HOUR LIES!

The shoddy party are alarmed for New Hampshire. The chances for McClellan there are improving daily.

## HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

GRANT ADVANCES ON RICHMOND.

General Grant has begun a new advance against Richmond. General Ord's Corps has marched from Bermuda Hundred up the south bank of the James, and General Birney's Corps has advanced from Deep Bottom up the north bank. There has been but little fighting. Ord has reached Chapin's Bluff, two miles above Bermuda Hundred, and near the Dutch Gap Canal. He carried the outer line of the enemy's entrenchments, with fifteen siege guns and two or three hundred prisoners. Birney reached the crossing of the New Market and Mill roads, two miles southeast of his camp at Deep Bottom. This Confederate retreated before him, and he captured but few prisoners. Both Federal columns report the country full of fields of corn, and we only know what occurred down to ten o'clock, A. M. The end of the movement is yet to be reported.

General Sheridan, from his headquarters at Harrisonburg, has sent a cavalry expedition twenty miles southwest to Staunton, at the southern end of the Shenandoah Valley. Staunton has been captured, and the cavalry have marched eastward towards Charlottesville. They have reached Waynesboro, twenty miles from Charlottesville, and are leaving up the railroad between Waynesboro and Staunton. This is a branch railroad running from Gordonsville, southwest, into Central Virginia. Staunton was captured on Tuesday; it is forty miles north of Lynchburg. There have been no contacts with Early. This information comes to us through Southern sources. There is no direct communication with Sheridan. The guerillas control the mountain passes, capturing all the couriers and intercepting supplies.—Age of Friday.

An official bulletin, containing highly important war news, was received last night from Secretary Stanton. He acknowledges in it the receipt of a dispatch from General Grant, dated at City Point yesterday afternoon, stating that Gen. Warren attacked and carried the enemy's line on their extreme right yesterday evening, capturing a number of prisoners, and moved from his left yesterday morning, and carried the enemy's line near Poplar Grove Church. This point is near the Appomattox river, about three and a quarter miles from Petersburg. The enemy made an assault in three columns on Gen. Warren's position, Chapin's farm, yesterday afternoon, and were repulsed.—Sun of Saturday.

ANOTHER SLANDER EXPOSED.

The Montrose Lincoln organ reports what its editors know to be a lie—a story that during the battle of Malvern Hill, General McClellan took refuge on one of our gunboats. The lie is exposed by the files of two leading Lincoln journals:

The Tribune's correspondent, writing from Baltimore, July 4, 1862, published in the Tribune of July 7, says "General McClellan was not on the gunboats during the engagements of Tuesday



## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**TO CONSUMPTIVES.**  
Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the Cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung affections, (free of charge) by sending their address to  
**DR. EDWARD A. WILSON,**  
Williamsburg,  
King county,  
New York.

## EDITOR OF THE COMPILER:

Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectively remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, and all blemishes of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Lustrant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,  
**THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,**  
831 Broadway, New York.  
Aug. 1, 1864. 3m

## A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

Swallow two or three headbands of "Buchu," "Tonic Bitters," "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidote," &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the results, then try one box of **OLD DOCTOR BUCHU'S ENIGMA SPECIFIC PILLS**, and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the brain-down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Impaired and sold in the United States only by  
**JAS. S. BUTLER,**  
No. 427 Broadway, New York.  
P. S.—A box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid, money refunded by the Agent if cure not effected in not given. [Aug. 1, 1864. 3m]

**DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?**  
DR. HUGHES'S SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter how long continued. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post-paid, by mail, on receipt of order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address  
**General Agent, JES. S. BUTLER,**  
Aug. 1, 1864. 2m

## THE MARKETS.

**GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.**  
Flour.....10 00 to 10 50  
Rye.....9 00  
Wheat.....2 00 to 2 10  
Corn.....1 50 to 1 60  
Oats.....1 30  
Butter.....1 30  
Eggs.....85  
Honey.....12 00 to 13 00  
Clover Seed.....3 50 to 4 00  
Timothy Seed.....2 50 to 2 75  
Plaster of Paris.....11 50  
Plaster ground, per bag.....1 75

**BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.**  
Flour.....10 00 to 10 50  
Rye.....9 00  
Wheat.....2 00 to 2 10  
Corn.....1 50 to 1 60  
Oats.....1 30  
Butter.....1 30  
Eggs.....85  
Honey.....12 00 to 13 00  
Clover Seed.....3 50 to 4 00  
Timothy Seed.....2 50 to 2 75  
Plaster of Paris.....11 50  
Plaster ground, per bag.....1 75

**MARRIED.**  
On the 28th ult., by Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. CHAS. W. L. and Miss ELIZABETH DEARDORFF, daughter of Benjamin Deardorff, of Franklin township.

On Thursday morning, Sept. 29th, by Rev. J. M. McKee, Serjeant, of the 1st Regt. N. Y. Artillery, 6th Regt. N. Y. Vols., to Miss SARAH A. HOKK, of Gettysburg.

**DIED.**  
On the 22nd ult., in West Annapolis township, York county, Mr. HENRY SHERRAN, at the advanced age of 85 years 2 months and 3 days.

On the 21st ult., JAMES OLIVER, infant son of Samuel and Sarah Oliver, near Gettysburg, aged 2 months and 2 days.

On the 18th ult., at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Brough, Mr. JACOB ARNOLD, of Reading township, aged 72 years 3 months and 3 days.

"Dearest Father, thou hast left us, Here thy loss we deeply feel, But 'tis God that has bested us, He can all our sorrows heal." C. M. K.

UPTON KOONTZ departed this life at Fairmount, near Kittanning, Sept. 23d, 1864, aged 47 years. A good man, sincere friend, and true Christian, of conjugal affection, but at length, could not rest in the hope of a blissful resurrection.

## Public Sale

**OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.**  
On TUESDAY, the 25th day of OCTOBER, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale, at the residence at Bonaparte, Mount Pleasant township, Adams county, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:  
2 WORK HORSES, (one three and the other five years old, 1 two year old Colt, 4 head of Cows, 2 fat Hogs, 2 Sows and Pigs, a lot of Sheep, 4 caps of Bees, Four-horse Narrow-track Wagon, Timber, Cooper and Mower, Window Mill, Ploughs and Harrows, Clover, Double and Single-tree, Three-horse-tree, Log Splitter, Five-horse-tree, Co. Churn, Wagon, Forks, and all kinds of Horse Cakes, Dung Hocks, and Shovels, Rakes, and everything else that belongs to a farm. Also, Bedsteads, Spinning Wheel, Wool Wash, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**ALEXANDER SHORR,**  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Property

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—On SATURDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, a TRACT OF LAND, containing 6 Acres and 20 Perches, more or less, situated in Hamilton township, Adams county, about a quarter of a mile from the York Springs and three quarters of a mile from Petersburg, adjoining lands of Dr. D. C. Miller, Benjamin Shaffer, and others. The improvements are a new two-story Log Dwelling HOUSE, with a well of excellent water, and a splendid young Apple Orchard, with other choice fruit of all kinds.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on A. K. Myers, residing near by.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**FREDERICK D. SMITH,**  
A. K. Myers, Auctioneer.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABOTTSTOWN, Adams county, contains the practice of Dr. Peffer, who is a professional and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

**CARRIAGE WHIPS AND LASHES,** good and cheap, for sale by ROW & WOODS.

**G. O. to Dr. H. HORNER'S Drug Store and get his MEDICATED OUGH CANDY.**

## A Valuable Farm

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—On TUESDAY, the 1st day of NOVEMBER, by Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of Joseph Riddlemeier, Sr., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate of said deceased, viz:  
A FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Eiker, heirs of Andrew White, David Martin, John Wally, and others, containing 211 Acres, more or less, about 75 acres of which are covered with fine Timber, with about 40 acres of Meadow. The Farm is in a good state of cultivation, (part having been leased), and under good fence. It is one of the very best farms in that region. The improvements are a large two-story Double Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Hog Pen, Smoke House, Wash House with Cistern, Log Tenast House, and other buildings; a well of good water at the house and another in the barn-yard, both overhauling, with a pump in each, two thrives, and a large well of good water. The Farm is well watered, and is in every respect a most desirable property.

Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on Mr. Daugherty, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**JOSEPH RIDDLEMEIER, JR.,**  
Administrator.  
By the Court—J. F. Pink, Clerk.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Public Sale

**OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.**—The undersigned, Assignee of Silas Fickes and Wife, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1864, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable Real Estate, to wit:  
A TRACT OF CLEARED LAND, situate in Strasburg township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Isaac Monfort, Christian Thomas, Henry Thomas, and others, containing 50 Acres, more or less. The improvements are a large Stone HOUSE, with Back-building and Smoke-house, a Stable, Log Barn with Sheds attached, Corn Crib and Hog Pen. There is a well of never-failing water near the door, a good spring at the barn, and a stream passing through the farm, affording an abundant supply of water for stock. The greater portion of the land has been recently cleared.

Also, A TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, containing 22 Acres, more or less, near the above described land, adjoining lands of Henry Thomas, Jacob Shull, and others.

The above tract of land will be sold together with the timber land and will be divided into lots to suit purchasers.

Persons desiring a larger tract can purchase any desired quantity, not exceeding 80 acres, of the undersigned, adjoining the above.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**ABRAHAM FICKES,**  
Assignee.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Very Desirable Property

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Beck, dec'd., will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1864, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following valuable Real Estate, to wit:  
A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, containing 22 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Isaac Monfort, Christian Thomas, Henry Thomas, and others, containing 50 Acres, more or less. The improvements are a large Stone HOUSE, with Back-building and Smoke-house, a Stable, Log Barn with Sheds attached, Corn Crib and Hog Pen. There is a well of never-failing water near the door, a good spring at the barn, and a stream passing through the farm, affording an abundant supply of water for stock. The greater portion of the land has been recently cleared.

Also, A TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, containing 22 Acres, more or less, near the above described land, adjoining lands of Henry Thomas, Jacob Shull, and others.

The above tract of land will be sold together with the timber land and will be divided into lots to suit purchasers.

Persons desiring a larger tract can purchase any desired quantity, not exceeding 80 acres, of the undersigned, adjoining the above.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**ABRAHAM FICKES,**  
Assignee.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Orphan's Court Sale.

**IN pursuance of orders of the Orphan's Court of Adams and York counties, will be offered at Public Sale, on the several premises, on MONDAY, the 24th day of OCTOBER, 1864, the Real Estate of Jacob Linart, deceased, consisting of:**  
No. 1. THE MANSION PLACE, situate in Berwick township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jacob Sowers, Elias Linart, and others, and situate on the great road leading from the Hanover and Berlin Turnpike to Spring Forge, containing 10 Acres, more or less, with a two-story Log House, Log Barn, Straw Shed, Hog Stable, Stone Spring House, and other outbuildings.

This tract is in a good state of cultivation, having been leased; it is also under good fence.

No. 2. A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Paradise township, York county, adjoining lands of Haffer & Blittinger, Jacob Sowers, and others, containing about 13 Acres, of which 6 acres are cleared and in good fencing, the balance covered with good chestnut timber. This tract will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Also, the Real Estate of Margaret Linart, deceased, viz:  
A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Berwick township, Adams county, containing 3 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Joseph Grimm, David K. Baer, Jacob Wirtz, and others, on the public road leading from the Hanover and Berlin Turnpike to Spring Forge, a portion of this tract is cleared and enclosed with good post fence; balance in good timber.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the property first above mentioned, when attendance will be given. Terms made known by  
**DANIEL B. BAER,**  
Adm'r of Jacob Linart, dec'd.  
By the Court—J. F. Pink, Clerk.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Small Farm

**A PRIVATE SALE.**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Adams county, Pa., containing 21 miles from Littlestown, and 2 or a mile from Morgan's Mill, adjoining lands of George Rine, doct'r, Jacob Troxel, and others, containing 48 Acres, more or less, with sufficient property of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements are a one and a half story Stone HOUSE, a good Barn, Wagon Shed, Spring House, and other outbuildings, an elegant Spring near the house, and a never-failing stream through the tract, with a young Apple Orchard, beside other fruit, such as peaches, pears, plums, cherries, &c.

There are indications of a large deposit of rich IRON ORE on the premises, which Iron Manufacturers should examine.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**JAMES A. HARNER,**  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Private Sale

**A FARM.**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, two miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Abraham Adams, doct'r, Dr. S. R. Hall, and others, containing 100 Acres, more or less, with a well of excellent water, and a splendid young Apple Orchard, with other choice fruit of all kinds.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on A. K. Myers, residing near by.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**FREDERICK D. SMITH,**  
A. K. Myers, Auctioneer.  
Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABOTTSTOWN, Adams county, contains the practice of Dr. Peffer, who is a professional and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. 1\*

## Orphan's Court Sale.

**ON THURSDAY, the 20th day of OCTOBER, 1864, by order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Jeremiah Shick, deceased, will sell the lands of said deceased at Public Sale, on the premises, viz:**

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Abraham Wilson, Casper Myr, and others, and on the road from Dub's mill to Gettysburg, containing 17 Acres, more or less, with a Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, Frame Barn, and other buildings thereon.

No. 2. A TRACT OF LAND, in Highland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Abraham Wilson, Joseph Mickle, and others, containing 25 Acres, more or less, part improved and part improved, a portion of it having been leased.

Persons wishing to purchase can view the land previous to the day of sale.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**WM. ROSS WHITE,**  
Administrator.  
Sept. 28, 1864. 1\*

## Sheriff's Sale.

**IN pursuance of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:**  
A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Littleton township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Andrew Lerow on the south, Daniel Menges on the east, and the Widow on the north and west, containing 10 Acres, more or less, 8 acres of which are in timber. Seized and taken in execution at the property of ROSS & LIVISOROS.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's office, Gettysburg, Sept. 26, '64.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately to the Sheriff, or the balance on or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

## Orphan's Court Sale

**ON SATURDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, 1864, in pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscribers, Administrators of the estate of Jacob Beck, dec'd., will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following described Real Estate, to wit:**  
THE FARM of the deceased, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Boyer, John Wiler, John Lauer, Daniel March, and Israel Brecker, containing 100 Acres, and the use of the Baltimore and Annapolis Railroad, situate in the same township. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having all been cleared—with due proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The buildings are a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, with Back-building and Smoke-house, Shop, Wood House, &c.

There is a good Orchard on the premises, with a variety of fruit; also a well of never-failing water at the door of the dwelling, situate in the same township.

The Great Conowingo creek runs through the farm, the creek being bridged where the State road crosses the same.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**HORNBART WERT,**  
ADAMS REBERT, Administrators.  
By the Court—J. F. Pink, Clerk.  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Farm

**A PRIVATE SALE.**—The undersigned offers for sale his FARM, situate in the Bonaparte township, Adams county, Pa., on the Bonaparte road, three miles north of Littlestown, adjoining lands of Joseph Shelly, Levi Schwartz, Jacob Parr, and others, containing 75 Acres, more or less. The improvements are a two-story Brick House, with a two-story Back-building, both well finished, a Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, Wash House, and other outbuildings; a well of good water, and other choice fruit, &c. Also a Tenant House and Stable, with an Orchard, Well, &c. The land has been cleared and is under good fence; it is in good cultivation, having the very best cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**ELIAS MAYER,**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Town Property

**FOR SALE.**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, a LOT OF GROUNDS, situate on the corner of West Middle and Washington streets, Gettysburg, having thereon erected a

Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, a one and a half story Weatherboarded Shop, and a Blacksmith Shop. Also a well of water and fruit trees on the lot. This is a corner lot and very desirable. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on Capt. Wm. J. Martin, my agent.

If not sold before FRIDAY, the 21st of October, next, the property will on that day be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known.

Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Property

**A PRIVATE SALE.**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his PROPERTY, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, on the road leading from York Springs to Oxford, 4 miles from the latter place, containing 10 Acres, more or less, with a well of good water, and other choice fruit, &c. The land has been cleared and is under good fence; it is in good cultivation, having the very best cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**MICHAEL DILLON,**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Property

**A PRIVATE SALE.**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, his PROPERTY, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, on the road leading from York Springs to Oxford, 4 miles from the latter place, containing 10 Acres, more or less, with a well of good water, and other choice fruit, &c. The land has been cleared and is under good fence; it is in good cultivation, having the very best cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**MICHAEL DILLON,**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Notice.

**PEPPER'S DEPT. OF COMMON SCHOOLS.**  
HARRISBURG, Sept. 12, 1864.

**GENTLEMEN:**—Application having been made by the boards of Directors of a majority of the Common Schools of Adams county, stating their desire to increase the salary of the County Superintendent thereof, you are respectfully requested to meet in convention, on SATURDAY, the 15th day of OCTOBER, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of advising, according to the terms of the 8th section of the supplement to the School Law, approved on the 8th day of May, 1855.

To the School Directors of Adams county.  
Sept. 19, 1864. 3\*

## Notice.

**JACOB HARLEY,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO STACOFF & HARLEY.)  
N. O. 622 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.  
Dealer in Fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, and all kinds of Gold and Silver WARE, and the best kind of SILVER PLATED WARE. Constantly on hand a large assortment of the above goods at low prices.

Finest Clocks, Karatized, and all kinds of Jewellery, repairing, Engraving and all kinds of their work to order, at short notice.

Don't forget the old stand, No. 622 Market Street, Philadelphia.  
Aug. 15, 1864. 3m

## Auctioneering.

**RICHARD TAYLOR** of Strasburg township, Adams county, Pa., has commenced SALE CRYING, and will be happy to attend to all calls that may be made. He will do his best to render satisfaction in all cases, and will be moderate in his charges. He is authorized by the patronage already bestowed upon him, to ask that the public generally give him a trial.

Sept. 26, 1864. 3\*

## Spring Goods

**A. T. SCOTT & SON'S.**—We invite the attention of buyers to our stock of Spring Goods, which will be sold cheap, consisting of  
**LADIES' DRESS GOODS,**  
Shawls, Cloaking Cloths, &c., &c. For Men's and Boys' wear we have Cloths, Cassimeres, Coatings, Vestings, a variety of Cotton-aden, &c., &c. Call and see.  
May 18, 1864. 1\*

## Notice.

**DR. JOSEPH N. SMITH'S ESTATE.**—Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Snyder, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Wayneboro', Franklin county, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and to all persons having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.  
**LOUISA A. SMITH, (Widow.)**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 6\*

## CARD PHOTOGRAPHS

of distinguished individuals, including a number of our prominent Generals, and the old hero John L. Burns, for sale at the counter of the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg.

## Valuable Farms

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—On WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of OCTOBER, next, in pursuance of the will of Peter Trott, dec'd., the following Real Estate will be offered for sale, on the premises, viz:

No. 1. THE HOME FARM, containing 153 Acres, more or less, in Strasburg township, Adams county, one mile from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Joseph Weiler, Henry Eckert, and others, with a new two-story BRICK HOUSE, Bank Barn, and other improvements; abundance of water and fruit on the premises.

No. 2. A FARM, containing 112 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Rummel, Daniel Spangler, and others, in the same township, about 2 miles from Gettysburg, with a two-story Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, and other buildings thereon.

No. 3. A FARM, containing 112 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Rummel, Daniel Spangler, and others, in the same township, about 2 miles from Gettysburg, with a two-story Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, and other buildings thereon.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the owner, in Gettysburg.

Geo. F. KALBFLEISCH.  
Sept. 12, 1864. 1\*

## Valuable Real Estate

**AND LIME FACTORY.**  
The undersigned, intending to move west, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 20th day of OCTOBER, 1864, his valuable lot of Land and Lime Factory, situate in Mount Rock, Adams county, Pa., containing 22 Acres of land, and a one and one-half mile from Conowingo Chapel, at the public road leading from McSherrystown to Gettysburg. The lot is in the very best condition, containing 22 Acres of Land. The improvements thereon are a large two-story BRICK HOUSE and Kitchen, with a well of good water, and a fine young Apple Orchard. The land has been cleared and is in excellent cultivation. There are also two outbuildings, a well of good water near the door, and several springs on the premises, with a fine young Apple Orchard. The land has been cleared and is in excellent cultivation. There are also two outbuildings, a well of good water near the door, and several springs on the premises, with a fine young Apple Orchard.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the owner, in Gettysburg.

Geo. F. KALBFLEISCH.  
Sept. 12, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Small Farm

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—On SATURDAY, the 25th day of OCTOBER, next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, his FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., containing 13 Acres, more or less, with a well of good water, and other choice fruit, &c. The land has been cleared and is under good fence; it is in good cultivation, having the very best cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**DANIEL STALLSMITH,**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## Desirable Small Farm

**A PUBLIC SALE.**—On SATURDAY, the 25th day of OCTOBER, next, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, his FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., containing 13 Acres, more or less, with a well of good water, and other choice fruit, &c. The land has been cleared and is under good fence; it is in good cultivation, having the very best cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by  
**DANIEL STALLSMITH,**  
Sept. 26, 1864. 1\*

## A Splendid Farm

**A**











# The Compiler.

OUR FLAG!



H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 3, 1864.

## McClellan Meetings.

### UPRISINGS OF THE PEOPLE!

Don't forget the McClellan and Pendleton Mass Meeting at NEW OXFORD THIS EVENING. A most interesting gathering may be expected. Extra trains will run from Gettysburg and Hanover. Fare from Gettysburg and return 40 cents.

The Democrats of the Upper End will rally in mass at ARENDTSVILLE TO-MORROW EVENING, and at CORWELL'S ON THE EVENING BEFORE THE ELECTION. These meetings will doubtless both be large.

The Cumberland and Highland McClellan Club had a spirited meet at Brean's on Monday evening. W. A. Duncan, Esq., made a telling speech, and was followed by Messrs. Jacob Lott and Isaac Herter, also in a very satisfactory manner. The Club will hold a meeting at SLOAKER'S TAVERN, on the Chambersburg turnpike, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, and at WILLOW GROVE SCHOOL-HOUSE, on the Taneytown road, on FRIDAY EVENING next. There will be speaking at both meetings, and the friends of a CHANGE in the administration are invited to be present. Mountjoy is expected to be largely represented at the Willow Grove meeting, in addition to Cumberland.

The Franklin township McClellan Club also met on Monday evening, at Hilltown School-house. Wm. McClean, Esq., C. M. Duncan, Esq., and H. J. Stable, made speeches, when the Club adjourned with rousing cheers for "Little Mac." It will meet again at Arendtsville to-morrow evening.

The Menallon McClellan Club completed its organization at Holtzman School-house on Tuesday evening. The permanent officers are:

President, Wm. Overdeer.  
Vice Presidents, Louis Hanes, George Scholzer.  
Recording Secretary, Franklin Orner.  
Corresponding Secretary, C. M. Swope.  
Treasurer, David Hartman.

The attendance was large, and all enthusiastic. Among the names on the Club roll are those of quite a number who voted for Lincoln before, but will now vote for "Little Mac." Dr. J. A. Swope and H. J. Stable made speeches, when the Club (with many cheers for Mac and Pen) adjourned to meet at WANK'S SCHOOL-HOUSE on THURSDAY EVENING next, when several speeches may be expected.

The Butler township McClellan Club met at Centre Mills School-house on Thursday evening, with a full attendance. Wm. McClean, Esq., made an able speech, and H. J. Stable concluded, when the Club adjourned with hearty cheers for the Democratic nominees.

A glorious outpouring of the Democracy of the Lower End took place at Abbotstown on Friday evening. There were probably five hundred persons (voters) present. Old Reading turned out a handsome delegation, with martial music, flags, wreaths, &c. Hamilton was there too in strong force, with a delegation from Berlin; whilst the two Berwicks turned out in their strength, and Mountpleasant and Oxford assisted in making up the large crowd. There were three or four distinct bands of martial music. The enthusiasm was of a nature, unbounded, every mention of the names of our gallant standard-bearers eliciting hearty hurrahs. The meeting was organized in front of Wilson's Hotel by the appointment of the following officers:

President, Col. Joseph J. Kuhn.  
Vice Presidents, Cyrus Wolf, Adam Sowers, Edward Ennis, Frederick Wolf, Samuel Hays, Jesse Bachor, Samuel Brown, Samuel Miller, Jacob McClean, Reuben Wolf, Peter Hoffmann, Daniel Boblitz, Jacob Miller, Emanuel Neidich, A. W. Storm, Michael Bohn.

Secretaries, George Flickinger, Joseph Wolf, John Dillone, Robert M. Dickes, Henry J. Hemler.  
A large number of Democratic leaders sang a stirring McClellan song, in a very beautiful and effective manner. They were loudly cheered, and cheered again. H. J. Stable, Dr. D. S. Peller, Dr. J. A. Swope, Capt. Wm. Mundorf, and John Dillone, Esq., addressed the meeting, being frequently interrupted by applause—after which a procession was formed at MOUNT ROCK (the principal street). It was one of the largest and most enthusiastic demonstrations of the campaign.

The Democrats of Straban organized a McClellan Club at Hunterstown on Friday evening. A constitution was adopted and a large number of names signed to it. The following are the permanent officers:

President, J. F. Felly, Esq.  
Vice President, S. A. Gilliland.  
Recording Secretary, John G. Brinkerhoff.  
Corresponding Secretary, H. A. Picking, Esq.

A Treasurer, John Werts.  
E. B. Buehler, Esq., then addressed the meeting in a very happy manner, and was followed, briefly but effectively, by R. Fitzgerald, President of the Butler Club, which sent down a handsome delegation. The Straban Club will meet again at Green's Hotel, in Hunterstown, on FRIDAY EVENING next, and at MOUNT ROCK on the evening before the election. There will be speaking at both meetings, and the friends of a CHANGE in the administration are invited to be present. Mountjoy is expected to be largely represented at the Willow Grove meeting, in addition to Cumberland.

A splendid McClellan demonstration came off at Littlestown on Saturday afternoon. A large number of people were present, and several speeches were made. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

A McClellan Club was started at Brush Run School-house, in Mountpleasant, on Saturday evening. Wm. McClean, Esq., and H. J. Stable, made speeches, when the meeting adjourned in high spirits. A Democratic mass meeting will be held at MOUNT ROCK on SATURDAY EVENING next. A large turnout, and several speeches, may be looked for.

Postmaster, General Blair has been turned out by President Lincoln, and ex-Gov. Dennison, of Ohio, appointed in his place. This old Abe has been forced into another concession to the radical abolitionists. Blair is not so brave enough on the paper as he is in person.

Blank proxies for soldiers' votes can be had at this office.

## THE PATRIOTISM OF AN ABOLITION OFFICE-HUNTER!

Shameful "BACK OUT" of GENERAL Wm. H. Koons.—This community is afflicted, as are many others, with a class of men who are very patriotic in their speeches on the stump and in the articles they write for newspapers, but never go to war. Their controlling motive is office—which they either have or hope to get. They spare no effort to try to CHEAT the people into the belief that their party is the only one that is for the country, (notwithstanding the ruin now apparent), and all others against it—that they only are the friends of the soldiers, and all others their enemies—that, in short, there is no good that does not come from them. The depths to which they go in falsehood can now hardly be fathomed, and as the election approaches nearer and their prospects grow more desperate, they will, if possible, lie more outrageously still. And all this because they want to hold or get OFFICE. That is the subject of their daily thoughts and nightly dreams, and no resort is too base, no trick too low, for them to put in practice if they think it will aid them in their cherished purpose.

The lying that is now done to injure Gen. Coffroth, the Democratic candidate for Congress, has this same object. It is to get office for a stay-at-home war-shouting patriot, such as they are. And to prove that Koons and they are alike, we need but publish the following FACTS, as stated by the McConellsburg Democrat:

When the war broke out Brigadier General Wm. H. Koons, the present Abolition candidate for Congress in this district, was Captain of a militia company, in the Borough of Somerset, known as the "Somerset Artillery." The General has ever been a "fighting man," while out on a political canvass, and made a number of speeches in Somerset in which he expressed a desire to "wade in Southern blood up to his knees." The members of his company came to the conclusion that, should they ever get into active service, they "bloody Captain" would be the very man to lead them; so after holding a meeting, the company decided that they would go into the three months' war, and in the month of August, 1862, they might get into active service as soon as possible. They were accordingly offered, but were too late to be accepted under the three months' call, and were therefore not accepted until that body of soldiers known as the "Penna. Reserve Corps" was organized. In the month of August, 1862, they were "bloody" and "looked like fight all over," but just a few days before the company left Somerset, which was on the 11th day of June, 1861, this "bloody" gentleman BACKED OUT. The company, nevertheless, went into the service, served their three years, and a few have returned to their homes, and are now a shot at the ballot-box in October next.

### IMPORTANCE OF THE OCTOBER ELECTION.

The approaching October election must not be overlooked or cast into the shade by the importance of the Presidential contest in November. Every blow struck now will tell directly for McClellan and Pendleton. But we do not think there are any amongst us who do not realize the importance of success. The question is how to attain it. Let no one be idle. Do not depend entirely upon those who are known as "leaders." A general can arrange the order of battle and watch the operations of the enemy; but success must depend upon the nerve and muscle of the rank and file to a great degree. All have influence, all can be leaders, and every one ought to and must do his duty in this hour of danger to our country and liberty. Let not a voter be left behind, and if the October elections can be carried, the majority will be more than double in November. There is always a floating vote which goes with the strongest party. By success in the first election, we will secure this vote for the second, and if the elections are carried in the State by barely one thousand, we can count upon a majority of twenty thousand for McClellan in November. So let each friend of the country, every man who desires a change in the administration of our government, remember that in every vote gained for the Democracy in October they increase McClellan's strength by a score of votes in the election to follow.

The Republican leaders, seeing the great CHANGES among the people against Lincoln, and tremblingly apprehending his defeat unless help comes from some other quarter, are directing their principal efforts to the soldiers in the army, hoping to deceive and humbug a sufficient number of them to save their candidate from ignominious defeat. They stop at no falsehood, however barefaced and shameless it may be, to this end. But we are happy to know, and the assurance comes to us from the army almost daily, that they will fail in this despicable purpose, as in all others. The soldiers have their eyes open, as well as the people at home. And to prove this, we re-publish a paragraph from a letter which appeared in our last, written by one who went into the army a Republican, but who is now for the only true Union candidate in the field, his gallant old commander, General George B. McClellan. Mark what the soldier says:

I suppose the Abolitionists of Pennsylvania do not think when they are urging so hard the right of the soldier to vote that they were upholding the warmest friends of their opponents. They would try to make the soldiers believe that they are their friends; but the soldiers are not blind as to who are their true friends. As the butcher is a friend to the ox, so the Abolitionist is a friend to the soldier. They think through their pretended friendship to use us as tools to elect their candidate and fight for the freedom of their god, the negro. But they are sadly mistaken. The soldiers are well aware that two years ago McClellan was removed from command on the most frivolous pretension, merely because the Abolitionists were afraid that he was growing too popular and might at some future date be brought forward for office and defeat them. They thought they would crush him in his infancy, before he grew too strong.

But it is not strange to us that the Abolitionists are making every effort to defeat us and continue their wholesale murder, for so soon as the war is stopped and the Union restored the power of the usurpers will be gone, and they would sooner see the country ruined than to feel their power go from them.

The Abolitionists are flooding the State with lying circulars and pamphlets. Believe them not—they are only intended to DECEIVE.

## McClellan Gaining Every Day.

MORE PROMINENT REPUBLICANS ENTER THE FIELD FOR HIM!

We published last week a brilliant list of prominent gentlemen heretofore opposed to the Democratic party, who now enter the field for "Little Mac." Ex-President Fillmore, Gov. Bramlette, Senator Reverdy Johnson, Senator Cowan, Senator Browning, Robert C. Winthrop, Leslie Combs, Geo. H. Billiard, George D. Prentice, Wm. B. Ogden, and others of much note, were included in the list. To-day we have the pleasure of adding the following honored names:

JAMES T. BRADY, Esq., the distinguished New York lawyer, who has zealously supported Mr. Lincoln, is stamping New York for McClellan. He spoke at the McClellan Constitutional meeting at New York on the 17th with great force.

Hon. D. M. WOODSON, of Iowa, many years Judge of the 1st Judicial Circuit in that State, openly declares his endorsement of McClellan and the platform. He has heretofore always opposed the Democracy. In Morgan, Scott and Greene counties he is a "tower of strength."

Hon. E. C. SEAMAN, Republican Senator of Michigan, has commenced a most vigorous campaign for Little Mac.

JOSEPH B. MORSE, seven years editor of the Boston Traveller, and for many years editor of the Newburyport Herald, in opposition to the Democracy, is now in the ranks of the gallant McClellan.

Mr. OSBORNE, President of the Illinois Central Railroad, a prominent Republican, is also in the McClellan ranks doing good service.

FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, of Ohio, who was the Republican candidate for Supreme Judge in 1862, is out for McClellan.

Hon. BRUTUS J. CLAY, of the old Kentucky Whig stock, has taken the stump for Little Mac.

NELSON FRANKLIN, a former Republican Senator of Ohio, is out for McClellan.

Gen. ROSECRANS is said to have made a speech at a McClellan and Pendleton ratification meeting in St. Louis on the 8th inst., in the course of which he took occasion to say that he had been raised a Democrat and was a Democrat now, and he was determined that there should be free election in Missouri. He was heartily cheered.

Col. A. W. BREWSTER, of Mass., has joined the ranks with his old commander—Little Mac.

Colonel GEORGE W. MCCOOK, of the fighting McCook family, is stamping for Little Mac.

Gen. A. McD. MCCOOK, of the same stock, is with his brother in the good cause of the Union and Little Mac.

Mr. Maj. Gen. BURNSIDE is not for McClellan, the following is what he said of him in a public meeting in New York:

"I have known Gen. McClellan most intimately, as students together, as soldiers in the field, as private citizens. For years we have lived in the same family, and I know him as well as I know any human being on the face of the earth, and I know that no more honest, conscientious man exists than Gen. McClellan. I know that no feeling of ambition, beyond that of the good and the success of our cause, ever enters his breast. All that he does is with a single eye, a single view to the success of the Government, and the breaking down of the rebellion. I know that nothing will do for the man but to induce him to do so, to overcome from what he knows to be his duty. He is an honest Christian-like and conscientious man; and let me add one thing, that he has the soundest head, and the clearest military perception of any man in the United States."

Among the long list of influential newspapers which have come over to the support of the Democratic candidates, are:

The NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER, Washington, D. C. the old and dignified organ of the Whig party, which, since the breaking up of that party, has been independent, has joined its vigorous and valuable labors with the Democracy in the cause of Little Mac and Pendleton.

The LOUISVILLE JOURNAL runs up the names of McClellan and Pendleton and has opened fire against the Washington Disunionists.

The SOMERSET HERALD, Maryland, Republican, runs up Mac and Pen, and repudiates Lincoln and Johnson.

The NEW LONDON CHRONICLE, Connecticut, takes down Lincoln and puts up Mac and Pen.

The WESTCHESTER MONITOR, New York, denounces shoddyism and comes out in support of McClellan and Pendleton.

The ANN ARBOR JOURNAL, of Michigan, Republican, runs up the names of McClellan and Pendleton, and joins in the fight for the Union.

The CINCINNATI VOLKSFREUND, German Republican, runs up the Democratic ticket and enters upon its support "with all its energy and conviction."

The ST. LOUIS ANZIEGER, German Republican, abandons Lincoln and advocates McClellan, saying that "thousands of Republicans will desert the incapable, corrupt and perjured Lincoln administration, and gather under the banner of McClellan, to save the Republic."

The WOOD COUNTY INDEPENDENT, Ohio, repudiates Lincoln, whom it has heretofore supported, and comes out vigorously for McClellan.

The SUFFOLK HERALD, one of the most influential Republican papers on Long Island, N. Y., takes the Baltimore candidate from its columns and supports McClellan.

The HIGHLAND BOTE, following in the steps of the Cincinnati Volksfreund, has taken down the names of Fremont and Cochrane, and substituted those of McClellan and Pendleton.

The IOWA BANNER, German Republican, declares for McClellan and Pendleton. The foregoing list of eminent men who have abandoned the cause of Shoddy and disunion could be largely extended, as could also the list of newspapers which have patriotically recanted from the support of the Shoddy candidates and come over into the ranks of the hero of Antietam. For one instance the foregoing will be found sufficiently unpalatable, no doubt, to the Shoddy office holders and contractors, and will help them to contemplate the doom they already more than suspect at the November election.

The October election will take place TO-MORROW WEEK. Democrats, see that you poll EVERY VOTE. Never before was ONE VOTE so important as now. Do not leave one behind.

Democrats, VOTE EARLY!

## HOW THE SOLDIERS WILL VOTE.

All our accounts from the army agree in predicting a heavy majority for General McClellan in the soldier vote, especially that cast in the Army of the Potomac. Of course, this is upon the supposition that a fair canvass and vote will be allowed. In addition to the letters on this subject from soldiers, the following from the Patterson Register furnishes confirmatory evidence of the feeling in the army for "Little Mac."

We have gratifying intelligence from the Army of the Potomac, indicating that General McClellan still possesses the confidence, love and respect of the veterans of that gallant army. A returned volunteer of the Fifty-seventh New York regiment, who has just arrived from the front, informs us that a vote for President was taken in the Second (Hancock's) army corps recently, with the following result:

For McClellan 10,555.  
For Lincoln 3,554.

McClellan's majority 7,001.

At Camp Distribution, where there are several thousand soldiers, a vote was also had a few days since. It resulted thus:

McClellan 4,007.  
Lincoln 1,350.

Mac's majority 2,657.

Here is a total army vote of 10,468—of which General McClellan has 14,111, or a majority of 9,558—nearly double the total vote that Lincoln received!

This information is reliable. We have it from a soldier who belonged to Hancock's corps, and who is a Republican, and knows that he has all along been said, that the soldiers are almost to a man for McClellan and the Union, and will so vote in November.

In the cars between Hartford and New Haven, one day last week, a Shoddy Central was loud in talking up Lincoln. "It's all one way—he will carry everything—the soldiers will all vote for him!" A soldier was present. Another passenger inquired of him how the soldiers would vote. "All one way," said the soldier.

"I knew it was so," said the contractor. "They are all for Lincoln." "Who do they go for?" coolly inquired the passenger. "Little Mac, of course," said the soldier.

Hooker's old Twentieth corps of the Army of the Potomac, now in Georgia under Sherman, is nearly unanimous for McClellan. The men were with him at Antietam and other glorious fields, and love him as children love a parent.

A Very Large Show.—The 16th New York Heavy Artillery, the largest regiment in the service, numbering three thousand men, commanded by Col. Morrison, are unanimous for McClellan and Pendleton.

A letter from a soldier in the 2d corps, now before Petersburg, among matters of a general nature, says: "The army will vote for McClellan. We want a man who will wind up the war properly. I, for one, have been played upon too long."

The Sentiment in the Army.—The following is an extract from a letter received by a gentleman of this city from an officer in high position in the regular army, now serving with Gen. Sherman:

"ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 16.—I heard several days ago, of the nomination of Gen. McClellan for the Presidency, and to-day I read his letter of acceptance. His letter brought me back again, soul and body, to the Democratic fold. I trust for the good of the country he may be elected. Let me tell you one thing, and mark it, all stuff to the contrary notwithstanding; it is this: This army is not yet converted to the Lincoln rule. Gen. McClellan is not without thousands of admirers and friends who will yield him their support."—Chicago Post.

The X. H. Register says: "On Saturday afternoon, as the 700 or 800 soldiers were marching from the camp to the steamer, while passing the corner of Wallace and St. John streets, three cheers were called for 'Little Mac,' and were given with a will. Some of them then called for 'three for Lincoln'—but a few groans was the only response."

An officer of the navy, on board of the United States steamer Foscchia, Potomac Flotilla, writes us that a vote for the Presidency was taken on board that vessel with the following result: McClellan 31, Fremont 3, Lincoln 1. This shows that not only the army, but the navy, are enthusiastic for "Little Mac."

The Abolition papers are in the habit of pronouncing their meetings of two dozen people "large." What humbuggery! The truth is, that their meetings are in almost every instance very small, and the cheers for Lincoln, when (only occasionally) proposed, of the slightest kind. The people are first of all ABE. They have had enough of him, and want a CHANGE.

Hence the Democratic meetings are invariably well attended, generally large beyond all expectation, whilst the enthusiasm everywhere is earnest and outspoken.

The Abolition meeting at Hampton was a bald failure, the pump-bed in front of the hotel accommodating the audience. The same was the case at Abbotstown, New Salem, Heidersburg, Bonaughtown, and other points. Abolitionism has all up-hill work.

Abolition orators and editors assail Gen. Coffroth because he voted against a bill to abolish slavery. The bill was clearly unconstitutional, and having taken an oath to support the Constitution, he, as an honest and law-abiding man, could not have voted otherwise. Besides, Gen. Coffroth is quite willing to be considered the White Man's candidate.

For Congress we have Hon. A. H. Coffroth, our present able and worthy member. Gen. Coffroth is truly a man of the people. Commencing the world a poor boy, he has struggled manfully against adverse fortune, until he has at length achieved a high position at the Bar, in the councils of the nation, and in the affections of his constituents. He has served the people of the 16th district one term with zeal and fidelity, and his unanimous re-nomination is but a just tribute to a worthy representative. It will not be forgotten that it was through his efforts that the Boards of Enrollment were required to visit the county seats of each county, to hear claims for exemption from the draft, thereby saving many poor men the necessity of traveling a great distance to this place to report. Let them not forget him at the election.—Chambersburg Spirit.

Abolition orators and editors exhibit the impudence of Satan himself when they assert that Gen. Coffroth did not vote for the appropriation bills last winter. He voted for all such bills except the one appropriating \$30,000 for negroes. This is the truth of history, let Abolition leaders lie about it as they will.

## THE OFFICE-HOLDERS VERSUS JAMES H. MARSHALL.

I observe that Harper and Melhenny are finding fault with James H. Marshall for taking the pay voted to members at the extra session. Here's impudence! Mr. Harper is getting several thousand dollars a year for holding a Government office, and Melhenny, from appearance, made a fortune out of the office. The latter held a Commissioner of the Drafting Board. McPherson, I am told, also abuses Mr. Marshall in the same way—and yet McPherson is making his thousands a year out of an office at Washington. This is a nice trio to pick at an honest man like James H. Marshall, an upright and industrious farmer, who lost more in one week in 1863 by reason of the armies being on his premises than he would make in the Legislature in ten years.

What a shameful outrage this attack upon Mr. Marshall is. These slanderers know that a Republican Legislature passed the bill, and that every Republican member took the pay voted. Mr. Marshall voted against the bill. They say he did not. He ought to know best, and any one who knows the parties would believe him before he would believe them. They say he did not call on the right and industrious farmer, who lost more in one week in 1863 by reason of the armies being on his premises than he would make in the Legislature in ten years.

But they cannot deceive the people, they cannot damage Mr. Marshall, let them pile up as many lies as they can. Mr. Marshall stood manfully by the rights of Adams county sufferers, and he will do so again.

Melhenny also says James H. Marshall voted against giving the soldiers a vote. This is simply a lie. The soldiers of Adams county township were for that Amendment, as the official returns show.

HAMILTONIAN.

### "TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN."

The Late Republican County Convention.—The writer of this article professes to be an honest and impartial observer of passing events, willing to lend assistance and give encouragement to any enterprise which he believes to be for the good of the people, whilst he cannot be forced by blind party spirit to say nothing in condemnation of matters seemingly obnoxious to his senses.

The Republican convention of this county has made a broad and clean sweep, and pledged the party soul and body to the support of any and every act which the Adams County Convention has done, and will do in the future. This is a high handed use of authority which no body of men has the right to exercise, save a few political tricksters that assume the right, and who have the party to which they belong by the ears. Any set of men representing, or pretending to represent Republican principles, to frame a platform, and then to make the people swear to support it, is a gross violation of the past and future acts of an administration at one sweep, throws an insult into the face of common sense.

Such action betrays a spirit of blind party prejudice and has a baneful influence, tending directly towards the form of government suited to the needs of the people, and to the interests of the country, and such we presume have had hands in dressing up the above resolutions. The authors of them must yet learn the fact that all Republicans in Adams county are not prepared to endorse Mr. Lincoln's suicidal policy. Not all prepared to see him transcend the bounds prescribed to him by an instrument so binding and sacred as the one he was sworn to support. We are not all ready to acquiesce in his abominable emancipation proclamations, which fired up the southern rebels, drove thousands of Union men into the rebel armies, thereby opening up new avenues to bloody carnage. Not all of us ready to say, go on, Father Abraham, thy might will be done, what thou doest is right, and in these there can be no wrong.

Not all of us ready to see the Constitution disregarded and trampled upon as Mr. Lincoln has done under plea of military necessity. Some of us believe that there is a nigger in the wood pile, that some men are crazy not only for office and notoriety but with nigger on the brain, bigoted, unscrupulous and capable enough to frame resolutions like the above mentioned. Many of us begin to see that the war is not for the purpose of suppressing rebellion, so much as the freeing of negroes; not so much for the restoration of Union, as to overthrow it; not so much for the establishment of peace, as the prolongation, of the present state of civil war, and the opportunities to run off and murder their masters. All the Republicans, sir, are not ready to endorse Habes Corpus suspension, the declaring of martial law in localities where the civil law is in full force and adequate for probable emergencies. We are not prepared to sanction the suppression of the press, or the free distribution of armed men at different points in local States where no earthly use exists for their presence. We are no bell ringers, sir. Our eyes are now opened and the light tells us where we were, what we were doing, where you are, what you are doing and what you will do in the future if Father Abraham is once more elected. Why Abraham must declare himself absolute Dictator, still all would be right.

Your Resolutions may do for you, but they do not answer all of us, and especially your humble servant, CHANGE.

This is the ISSUE: The Democrats contend for a RESTORATION OF THE UNION; the Republicans for the EMANCIPATION OF THE NEGROES. It is for the people to decide by their ballots on the 8th of November which they prefer—UNION AND THE SALVATION OF THE COUNTRY, OR PERPETUAL WAR, IN A VAIN EFFORT TO EMANCIPATE SOUTHERN NEGROES.

### VERY BIG STRAWS!

The four great monied men of New York, WM. B. ASTOR, JOHN JACOB ASTOR, GEORGE LAW, and WM. H. ASPINWALL, are for McClellan.

Reverly Johnson says Gen. McClellan will be elected, in spite of all Lincoln's office-holders may say or do.

Let the SOLDIERS remember that in the Legislature, last winter, the Democrats voted for giving the soldiers one dollar a day, and the Republicans against it. Mr. Marshall voted for it, of course.

It is now officially decided that those who paid \$300 commutation are exempt from the present draft. Why was not this decision made long ago? Why this eternal trifling with the people?

Remember, voters of Adams county, that it was an Abolition Legislature that refused to compensate the plundered citizens of your county for losses sustained by them by reason of rebel raids. The Democrats in that body all voted for the bill, but it was defeated by the Shoddy men, every one of whom voted against it.

Democrats, beware of COUNTERFEIT TICKETS AND ELEVENTH-HOUR LIES!

The shoddy party are alarmed for New Hampshire. The chances for McClellan there are improving daily.

## HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

### GRANT ADVANCES ON RICHMOND.

General Grant has begun a new advance against Richmond. General Ord's Corps has marched from Bermuda Hundred up the south bank of the James, and General Birney's Corps has advanced from Deep Bottom up the north bank. There has been but little fighting. Ord has reached the city, and Birney has reached Bermuda Hundred, and near the Dutch Gap Canal. He carried the outer line of the enemy's intrenchments, with fifteen siege guns and two or three hundred prisoners. Birney reached the crossing of the New Market and Mill roads, two miles southeast of his camp at Deep Bottom. The Confederates retreated before him, and he captured but few prisoners. Both Federal columns report the country full of field works. This movement began yesterday morning and was only known what occurred down to ten o'clock, A. M. The end of the movement is yet to be reported.

General Sheridan, from his headquarters at Harrisonburg, has sent a cavalry expedition twenty miles south to Staunton, at the Government of the Shenandoah Valley. The cavalry has been captured, and the cavalry have marched eastwards towards Charlottesville. They have reached Waynesboro, twenty miles from Charlottesville, and are tearing up the railroad between Waynesboro and Staunton. This is a serious blow to the Confederates, as it cuts off their supplies. Staunton was captured on Tuesday; it is forty miles north of Lynchburg. There have been no contests with Early. This information comes to us through Southern sources. There is no direct communication from Sheridan. The guerrillas caught matters in their rear, capturing all the couriers and intercepting supplies.—Age of Friday.

An official bulletin, containing highly important war news, was received last night from Secretary Stanton. He acknowledged in it the receipt of a despatch from General Grant dated at Cold Spring yesterday afternoon, stating that Gen. Warren attacked and carried the enemy's line on their extreme right yesterday, capturing a number of prisoners. Gen. Meade moved from his left yesterday morning, and carried the enemy's line near Poplar Grove Church. This point is near the Appomattox river, about thirty miles from Petersburg. The enemy made an assault in three columns on Gen. Butler's line, near Chapin's farm, yesterday afternoon, and were repulsed.—Sun of Saturday.

### ANOTHER MANDEP EXPOSED.

The Montrose Lincoln organ reports what its editors know to be a lie—a story that during the battle of Malvern Hill, General McClellan took refuge on one of our gunboats. The lie is exposed by the files of two leading Lincoln journals:

The Tribune's correspondent, writing from Baltimore, July 4, 1862, published in the Tribune of July 7, says: "General McClellan was not on the gunboats during the engagements of Tuesday, but was on land directing the movements."

The correspondent of the New York Times writing from Old Point July 13, published July 18, 1862, under the head of "Abraham's Fortresses Monroes," says: "It is generally supposed that our gunboats turned the tide of battle on this eventful day; but those who took a prominent part in the action assured me that it was entirely owing to an important movement which Gen. McClellan directed in person. The opposing forces had been driven to bay for hours, but upon our other with mutual destruction, when Gen. McClellan made a flank movement with a heavy battery, and ranging it upon a commanding height, commenced enfilading the enemy. The effect was terrific, the enemy were mowed down like grass. It is well that this should be understood, for it is only fair to Gen. McClellan to credit the full credit for results due to his own tact and bravery."

### WHAT JOHN VAN BUREN SAYS.

About a year ago Republican papers were full of the sayings and doings of John Van Buren. He was with the Administration then, and we suppose honestly. But he has too much sense to support it since Mr. Lincoln and his party have boldly and openly avowed their intention to make the restoration of the Union subordinate to the interests of the negro. Here is what he says in a letter to an immense meeting recently held at Albany, to ratify the nominations of McClellan and Pendleton:

"There are two men who obviously can never make peace with the rebel army, and who will receive the sanction of the American people. They are Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis; and unless we are prepared for an eternal war, and the slaughter, debt, taxation, and suspension of constitutional liberty that attend it, Abraham Lincoln must be made to retire on the 4th of March next, and Jefferson Davis must be chosen in his stead upon our Constitution. Such a man is General McClellan, and I cannot allow myself to doubt that the loyal people of the United States will call him to the discharge of this as well as the other grave duties that belong to the chief magistracy."

Drafted men, who were saved the necessity of traveling a hundred miles to report, will remember that it was through the exertions of Gen. Coffroth that they were enabled to report at their county seats; thus saving them much valuable time and expense. Let them not forget him at the polls.







fleshy. I can produce a number of my old  
consumptive patients now enjoying good health.

to visit them. First was Mrs. Farlow, residing then at No. 107 Houston street. Her husband called upon me at my rooms, 32 Bond street, and told me that his wife was very ill. I could do no good; that he had had all the best medical attendance, and all said she was too far gone with Consumption to be cured; but she had heard of some great cures I had made, and she desired that I should go. I called, and found her lying confined to her bed in the last stage of bronchial consumption, and without doubt must have died soon. I gave her the dose of my medicine, and found in a few days that she was much affected, but no cavities had formed, her cough was very severe, the spit-box was half full of thick pus. Pulse 140, legs swollen very much; and worse than all, she was very nervous. I continued to give her the medicine every day, and she had been moved eleven times that day. I told her that she had lungs enough to be cured, but that this diarrhoea had been of long standing, and that she must be very weak. In such a condition that I was afraid nothing could be done. She insisted I should try and do what I could for her, observing that she could not last long.

make her any worse. I gave her first a dose of my Mandrake Pills, and the Tonic and Syrup freely. That was on Tuesday, and by the next Sunday the diarrhea was carried off, and she began to recover and sleep a little up and down. Her appetite is now better, and I gave me a long certificate, certified to by the Rev. Dr. Dowling.

Mrs Bartholomew, 83 West Forty-fifth street, came to my rooms with a tumor on her liver. I gave her the Tonic and Syrup, and the Mandrake Pills, and she recovered, and is now well. I gave her a long certificate, certified to by the Rev. Dr. Dowling.

Mrs Bartholomew, 83 West Forty-fifth street, came to my rooms with a tumor on her liver. I gave her the Tonic and Syrup, and the Mandrake Pills, and she recovered, and is now well. I gave her a long certificate, certified to by the Rev. Dr. Dowling.

week, somewhat better: her tongue had begun to clean a little around the edges her skin whiter and her eyes brighter, and the tumor had not increased in size. Matter, much matter than it had ever done before, was gradually improving, and in about two months she came to my rooms very much frightened, saying that the tumor had nearly stopped running, and was healing up, and that every doctor told her that she would never be able to escape her death. I told her that the disease had all left her system, and nature would heal the ulcer up. They are now healed, and have been for about a year, and she is as hearty and robust a woman as you will find in a day's ride. It is the best medicine I have ever used, and takes great pains to visit any one that

The next case is Miss Needfull, from Stamford, Mass. She had not been able to get her lungs to see me, and she has been ever since at her home. When she first came to my rooms, she was much distressed with a distressing cough, spitting large quantities of blood. I examined her lungs with the stethoscope, and in all my long and rich experience I never met with so far gone and the other lung so sound. I could not give much encouragement. I thought she would die, but to my astonishment the Pulmonary Symp. Sewed Tonic, and Andraquin, which I gave her, did the work in a few days. I had healed over, leaving a cavity as large as a house egg; good appetite, fine spirits, and

has gained some thirty-five pounds in weight. She has some cough yet, which I do not think will leave her before June. I should think it best to let her stay in the city, and have a physician to visit her twice a week, particularly Miss Sedgwick, or any of them who have been cured by my medicines. They are now-rare in New York; but the above three all differ from each other, and I should like to see them, and to represent to them, as they should have the credit of the afflicted know where and how they may be cured. J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Dr. J. H. Schenck can be found at his private office, No. 39 North 5th Street, Philadelphia. He will be glad to receive any of the afflicted, to give advice, free of charge; but for a thorough examination he charges ten dollars.

**DISCUSSION**

**OF PARTNERSHIP.**—The Co-partners: "An exciting" between the anti-slavery friends of the *Standard* and the friends of the *Standard*. We remain thank to our friends and the public for the liberal support extended to us. The books will be left at the store; and we earnestly request these indebted to us to call and make immediate payment, so as we may desire to settle our business without delay.

ALEXANDER COBBAN,

Jan. 30, 1874. JOHN CULP.

**A Card.**

THE subscriber having disposed of his interest in the Store of Culp & Culp, John S. Crawford, Esq. respectfully asks the continuance of his friends and customers to patronize his successor—the firm Bargains will be held.

JOHN CULP.

Feb. 8, 1874.

**Another Change**

IN THE HAT AND SHOE BUSINESS.

THE subscriber having associated with him in business, John S. Crawford, who purchased the interest of John Culp, respectfully asks a continuance to the citizens of Gettysburg and

public generally, that the business will be continued at the Old Stand on Chambers-borough street, by A. COBBAN & Co., who will continue to keep on hand a large stock of those articles in the line of  
SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS,  
CARPET BAGS, FURRIERIES, &c.  
and they will also continue the Manufacture of  
Shoes.  
Drawing their long experience in all the above branches, they flatter themselves that they can please the public, and will sell cheap for cash.  
A. COBBAN,  
J. S. CRAWFORD,  
Doing business under the name and firm  
A. Cobban & Co. [Feb. 8, 1864]

Established 1850.  
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.  
LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & C<sup>o</sup>  
respectfully inform their friends, customers and the public generally, that their  
office has been removed from No. 151 Franklin street,  
to  
NO. 308 BALTIMORE STREET,  
between Howard and Liberty, where they will  
continue to conduct the Wholesale Busi-  
ness, solely in  
Hosiery, Trimmings,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Perfumery, Notions,  
Stationery, Cutlery,  
Toys, &c., &c.,  
to which they invite the attention of city and  
country customers.


country purchasers, feeling confident of the ability to offer inducements in prices of Quality of Goods.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Address

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO.,  
308 Baltimore street, Baltimore,  
March 14, 1864.

**Portable Printing Offices.**

FOR the use of Merchants, Distillers, and all business and professional who wish to do their own printing, neat and cheaply. A



circulards, labels, cards and small newspapers containing every thing that a boy ten years old to work them them. Circulars sent free. Special sheets of Type, Cut, etc., 6 cents.

Address ADAMS PRESS CO.  
31 Park Row, N. Y., and 25 Nassau Street,  
Boston, Mass.

January 25, 1864. ly

**Albums!**

**ALBUMS!!** **ALBUMS**

Just received a large and beautiful assortment of Photographic Albums, which we are

below city prices.  
Dec. 14, 1883.

**CIDER-PRESSES** and **APPLE-PEARS**  
for sale by **SHEADS & DUEBLE**

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE